

Quarterly Report on IPC Regulatory Priorities Q1 2022/23: July to September 2022

October 2022



Regulatory Plan Initiatives Status

Regulatory Priority 1 – Ensure the IPC has the capacity to identify risks and effectively support agencies to uphold privacy and information access rights in contemporary models of service delivery.

Status	Project/Initiative	Complete		
Finalised	P2 9 - Build upon the agency self-evaluation model by enhancing use of self-assessment tools and governance models to embed requirements.			
In-progress	P2 6 - Work with national and international information access and privacy groups to maximise influence.	50%		
	P3 2 - Support agencies to build their capacity to respond to data breach events.	50%		
	P3 9 - Deliver proactive audits informed by key risks and new and emerging issues.	40%		
	P3 10 - Review existing format of review report templates to better communicate outcomes and findings with a focus on accessibility and audience.	40%		
	P3 7 - Review regulatory framework with focus on changing/ emerging issues and systemic issues response.	30%		
	P2I4 - Provide content for the preparation of guidelines and guidance to assist agencies to comply with legislation, including the MNDB.	25%		

Regulatory Priority 2 – Maximise strategic and operational regulatory engagement with all sectors and demonstrate value to citizens and agencies.

Status	Project/Initiative	Complete		
Finalised	P2 8 - Contribute to the new IPC IT strategy by investigating potential technological tools to support proactive compliance audit program to maximise reporting.	100%		
In-progress	P1 4 - Proactively prepare materials for setting expectations for what IPC can and cannot do.			
	P2 7 - Deliver collaborative pieces of guidance with relevant agencies on how technologies link to compliance obligations (e.g. archive/searching, what is a record, cc v bcc for email).			
	P3 8 - Target new regulatory guidance informed by the top three recurring issues/considerations within agencies for improved decisions making (for example amendment to health, information not held, section 61).			
	P3 1 - Provide content to assist CCA develop helpful and accurate published advice to guide citizens to understand their rights and agencies to understand their obligations.			
	P1 2 - Further develop relationships with integrity agencies (e.g., SARA, Ombudsman), other NSW Government agencies and practitioner networks to produce information on emerging statutory and regulatory developments and challenges, and provide specific advice tailored for individual agencies.	10%		

Regulatory Priority 3 – Citizens have confidence in the way in which the NSW Government handles their personal and health information.

Status	Project/Initiative	Complete
Finalised	P1 1 - Identify cases (including test cases), conduct research and prepare briefings for responsible Ministers to assist in maintaining currency of legislation	100%
	P3 5 - Develop new policies, templates and procedures for the MNDB, including by liaising with OAIC where appropriate	100%
	P3 6 - Review the existing published voluntary data breach resources and tools for currency and continued application	100%
In-progress	P3 4 - Develop and implement MNDB project plan:	
	Part A – Develop MNDB project plan	100%
	Part B – Implement MNDB project plan*	0%
	P3 6 - Review and update advice on digital government from a privacy and information access perspective	50%
Yet to commence	P2 14 - Disseminate resources to agencies on implementation of MNDB Scheme and drive engagement with practitioners and 'champions'.	

^{*} IPC will work with agencies to implement the MNDB Scheme once the legislation is passed by Parliament.

Regulatory Priority 4 – Preservation, assurance and assertion of rights under new service delivery arrangements.

Status	Project/Initiative	Complete
Finalised	P2 1 - Further develop relationship with IPAC to support delivery of strategic IPC priorities	100%
	P2 3 - Advise on agency projects in accordance with IPC's functions (e.g. Digital Restart Fund) and obtain feedback on advice.	100%
	P2 12 - Provide enhanced guidance on retrieving records and conducting searches	100%
P3 3 - Engage with academics and other experts to deliver thought leadership pieces that are clearly separate from other guidance on existing legislation (e.g. on asymmetry between government sharing and citizen access and/or access to digital records)		30%

Reporting Priorities by Percentage

There are 23 Regulatory Initiatives listed under the four Regulatory Priorities in the IPC Regulatory Plan 2022-2024, which commenced in Q3 2021/22.

In this quarter of reporting (Q1 2022/23), the IPC:

- finalised 4 (17.4%) of the 23 Regulatory Initiatives
- is progressing 14 (60.9%) initiatives
- is yet to commence 1 (4.3%) initiative.

The IPC's Regulatory Plan commenced in January 2022 and between January 2022 and September 2022, **8 (34.8%)** Regulatory Initiatives were finalised.

Priority Status Overview

Date	Finalised	In-progress	Yet to commence
Past Quarter	4 (17.4%)	18 (78.3%)	1 (4.3%)
Net change this quarter	↑4 (17.4%)	↓4 (17.4%)	0 (0.0%)
To date (Q1 22/23)	8 (34.8%)	14 (60.9%)	1 (4.3%)*

^{*} The IPC will work with agencies to implement the MNDB Scheme following its passage through the NSW Parliament.