# **Securing Government Data to Protect Citizens**

8th Annual Australian Government Data Conference 23 March 2022

NSW Privacy Commissioner Samantha Gavel



## Retention and Security of Personal Information

#### Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998 (NSW)

- S 12: A public sector agency that holds personal information must ensure—
- (a) that the information is kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the information may lawfully be used, and
- (b) that the information is disposed of securely and in accordance with any requirements for the retention and disposal of personal information, and
- (c) that the information is protected, by taking such security safeguards as are reasonable in the circumstances, against loss, unauthorised access, use, modification or disclosure, and against all other misuse



- Cyber security threats Log4j Vulnerability
- Review of the Commonwealth Privacy Act
- Introduction of NSW Mandatory Notification Data Breach Scheme
- Commonwealth Data and Transparency Bill
- Inter-Governmental Agreement on Data Sharing
- Review of the NSW Data Sharing Act
- Digital Identity Legislation

# Digital Restart Fund



- August 2020 Digital Restart Fund Act 2020 (DRF Act)
  initial funding of \$1.6 billion
- Funding increased to \$2.1 billion in May 2021 budget
- S.10 before approving funding for a project, the Minister must obtain and have regard to advice from the Information Commissioner and the Privacy Commissioner
- Approval required at each stage of a project, from ideation through to alpha and beta stages and beyond
- Over 180 assessments since September 2020
- Risk rating and mitigation strategies.

# Digital Restart Fund



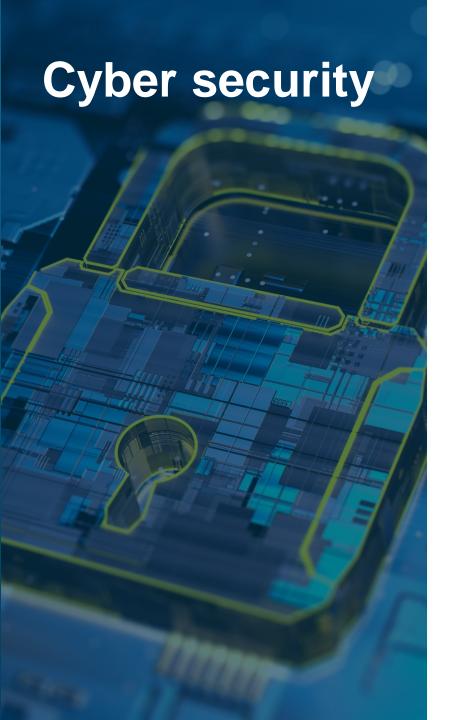
- Types of projects include:
  - portals as centralised information and transaction platforms
  - drones and smart technology, including smart cities
  - single notification services
  - data analytics projects and cyber security projects.
- May 2021, the NSW Information Commissioner and NSW Privacy Commissioner jointly issued advice titled <u>Digital Restart Fund: assessing information</u> <u>access and privacy impacts</u>.

# COVID-19 and Privacy



### Consideration of privacy issues in NSW:

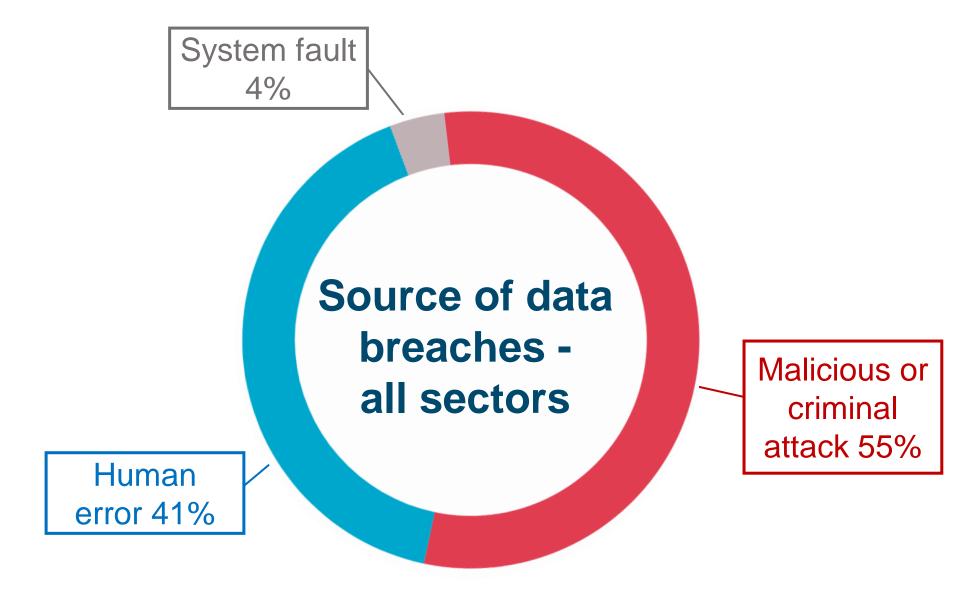
- Sharing and use of data to inform the State Government's pandemic response and provide information to the public
- Consulting with the NSW Department of Customer Service re the COVID check-in tool
- Provision of advice to agencies about their privacy obligations during the pandemic
- Advice and assistance to agencies in relation to data breaches resulting from increased malicious cyber security activity during the pandemic
- Development of Guidance for agencies on the Collection of Vaccination Information



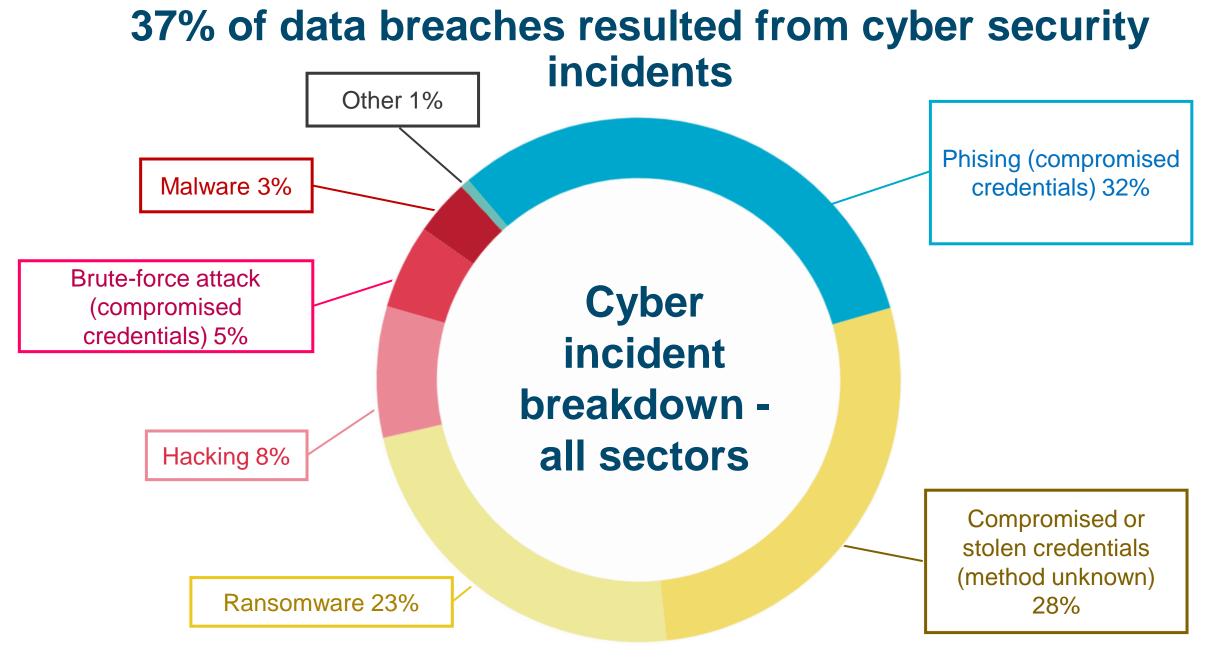
### **Keeping data secure**

- A whole-of-government and whole of organisation approach is required.
- Focus on processes, technology and people.
- Understand what information you hold, how long you need to retain it, where is it held and who has access to it.
- Tools include Privacy-by-Design, Privacy Impact Assessments, Privacy Enhancing Technology, patch management processes, email management.
- A data breach response plan which includes processes and procedures to manage and mitigate a data breach.
- Regular cyber security training for staff and contractors.

## What causes data breaches?



Source: OAIC Notifiable Data Breaches Report July to December 2021



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# Privacy by design

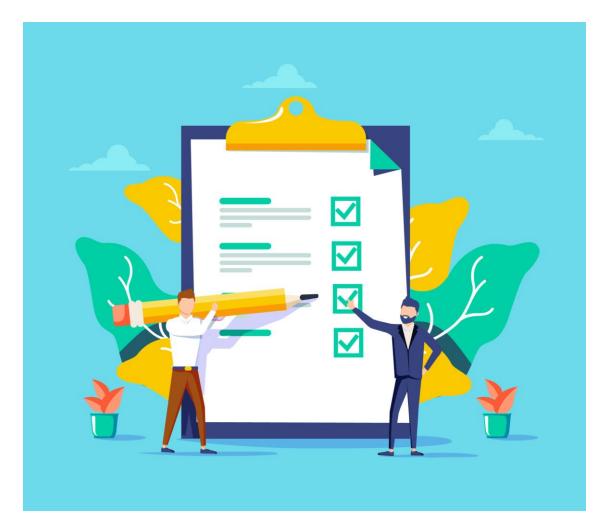
Privacy should be considered at all stages of the project, from conception through to the development and implementation phases.

By developing an organisation-wide awareness of privacy, a privacy by design approach shifts the focus to preventing privacy-related issues, rather than simply complying with your jurisdiction's privacy laws.



## Privacy considerations for initiatives and projects:

- ✓ Have regard to the privacy considerations of an initiative or project
- ✓ Determine if you need to undertake a PIA
- ✓ Consult your internal privacy officer
- ✓ Ensure you take a 'privacy by design' approach to development of your initiative or project
- ✓ Ensure all data is de-identified before using and publishing
- ✓ Review relevant guidance from your jurisdiction's privacy agency.





#### New technologies mean:

- Easier & faster collection of data
- Large scale collection
- Digital innovation
- New privacy and cyber security challenges

#### **Development of a digital government:**

- New digital services
- Increased data sharing
- Data analytics and data matching
- Al and Internet of Things technology

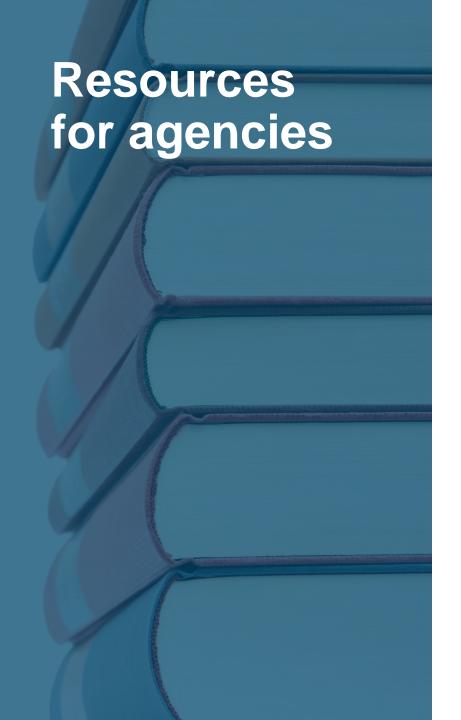
#### **NSW** examples:

- Digital Drivers Licence
- Service NSW App
- Digital Birth Certificate

## Privacy Awareness Week 2022

- Promoting awareness of privacy issues for NSW agencies and citizens
- Event on 3 May, registrations via IPC website
- Privacy resources for citizens
- NSW agencies can sign up as Champions to support the campaign





- Guide Transition to the cloud: Managing your agency's privacy risks: www.ipc.nsw.gov.au/node/2179
- IPC Voluntary Data Breach Notification guidance: www.ipc.nsw.gov.au/node/437
- A Guide to Privacy Impact Assessments: www.ipc.nsw.gov.au/node/1580
- Fact Sheet Privacy by Design: www.ipc.nsw.gov.au/node/1648
- Guide Data Sharing and Privacy www.ipc.nsw.gov.au/media/3056

Other resources are available via the IPC website <a href="https://www.ipc.nsw.gov.au/privacy">www.ipc.nsw.gov.au/privacy</a>

# Connect with us





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